



## PHYSICS STANDARD LEVEL PAPER 1

Wednesday 11 May 2011 (afternoon)

45 minutes

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

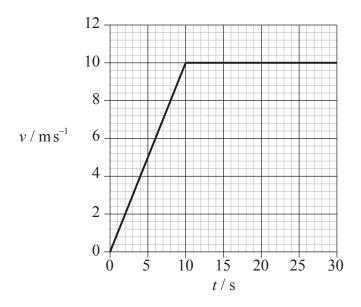
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer all the questions.
- For each question, choose the answer you consider to be the best and indicate your choice on the answer sheet provided.

1. Which of the following contains one fundamental and one derived unit?

| A. | ampere | kilogram |
|----|--------|----------|
| B. | ampere | coulomb  |
| C. | joule  | newton   |
| D. | joule  | coulomb  |

- 2. The current I through a resistor is measured with a digital ammeter to be 0.10A. The uncertainty in the calculated value of  $I^2$  will be
  - A. 1%.
  - B. 2%.
  - C. 5%.
  - D. 20%.
- 3. A skydiver of mass 80 kg falls vertically with a constant speed of 50 m s<sup>-1</sup>. The upward force acting on the skydiver is approximately
  - A. 0 N.
  - B. 80 N.
  - C. 800 N.
  - D. 4000 N.

**4.** Joseph runs along a long straight track. The variation of his speed v with time t is shown below.

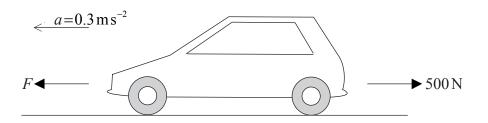


After 25 seconds Joseph has run 200 m. Which of the following is correct at 25 seconds?

|    | Instantaneous speed / m s <sup>-1</sup> | Average speed / m s <sup>-1</sup> |
|----|---|-----------------------------------|
| A. | $8\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$                     | $8\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$               |
| B. | $8\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$                     | $10\mathrm{ms}^{-1}$              |
| C. | $10\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$                    | $8\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$               |
| D. | $10\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$                    | $10\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$              |

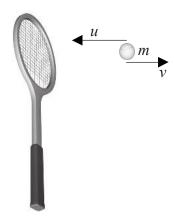
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5. A car of mass  $1000 \,\mathrm{kg}$  accelerates on a straight, flat, horizontal road with an acceleration  $a = 0.3 \,\mathrm{m\,s^{-2}}$ . The driving force F on the car is opposed by a resistive force of  $500 \,\mathrm{N}$ .



The net (resultant) force on the car is

- A. 200 N.
- B. 300 N.
- C. 500 N.
- D. 800 N.
- 6. A tennis ball of mass m moving horizontally with speed u strikes a vertical tennis racket. The ball bounces back with a horizontal speed v.



The magnitude of the change in momentum of the ball is

- A. m(u+v).
- B. m(u-v).
- C. m(v-u).
- D. zero.

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|    | Has done the most work | Has developed the greatest power |
|----|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. | brother                | brother                          |
| B. | brother                | sister                           |
| C. | sister                 | brother                          |
| D. | sister                 | sister                           |

- **8.** A nuclear power station produces 10 GW of electrical power. The power generated by the nuclear reactions in the core of the reactor is 25 GW. The efficiency of the power station is
  - A. 15%.
  - B. 35%.
  - C. 40%.
  - D. 60%.
- 9. A cyclist rides around a circular track at a uniform speed. Which of the following correctly gives the net horizontal force on the cyclist at any given instant of time?

|    | Net horizontal force along direction of motion | Net horizontal force normal to direction of motion |
|----|--|--|
| A. | zero   | zero   |
| B. | zero   | non zero   |
| C. | non zero                                       | zero   |
| D. | non zero                                       | non zero   |

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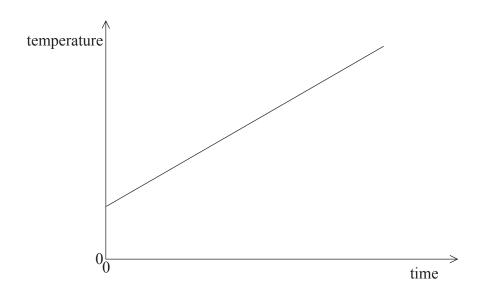
**10.** A solid piece of tungsten melts into liquid without a change in temperature. Which of the following is correct for the molecules in the liquid phase compared with the molecules in the solid phase?

|    | Kinetic energy | Potential energy |
|----|----------------|------------------|
| A. | same           | greater          |
| B. | same           | same             |
| C. | greater        | greater          |
| D. | greater        | same             |

- 11. What is the mass of carbon-12 that contains the same number of atoms as 14 g of silicon-28?
  - A. 6g
  - B. 12 g
  - C. 14 g
  - D. 24 g

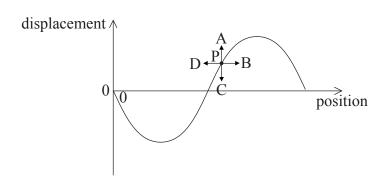
12. A heater of constant power heats a liquid of mass m and specific heat capacity c. The graph below shows how the temperature of the liquid varies with time.

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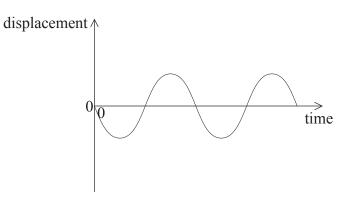
The gradient of the graph is k and no energy is lost to the surroundings. What is the power of the heater?

- A. kmc
- B.  $\frac{k}{mc}$
- C.  $\frac{mc}{k}$
- D.  $\frac{1}{kmc}$
- 13. A transverse wave travels from left to right. The diagram below shows how, at a particular instant of time, the displacement of particles in the medium varies with position. Which arrow represents the direction of the velocity of the particle marked P?



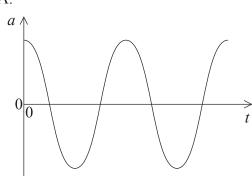
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**14.** The graph shows how the displacement varies with time for an object undergoing simple harmonic motion.

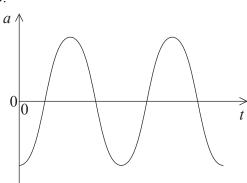


Which graph shows how the object's acceleration a varies with time t?

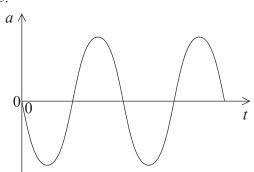
A.



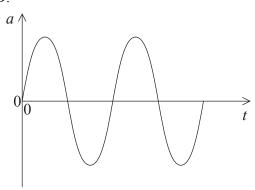
В.



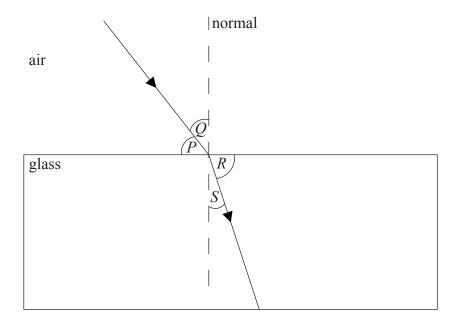
C.



D.



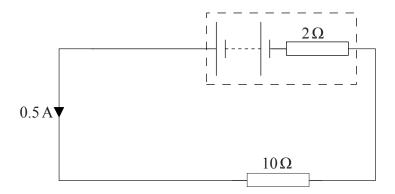
15. Light travels from air into glass as shown below.



What is the refractive index of glass?

- A.  $\frac{\sin P}{\sin S}$
- B.  $\frac{\sin Q}{\sin R}$
- C.  $\frac{\sin P}{\sin R}$
- D.  $\frac{\sin Q}{\sin S}$
- 16. Which of the following electromagnetic waves has a frequency greater than that of visible light?
  - A. Ultraviolet
  - B. Radio
  - C. Microwaves
  - D. Infrared

- **17.** One electronvolt is equal to
  - A.  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C.
  - B.  $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \, J.$
  - C.  $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ V}$ .
  - D.  $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \, W$ .
- 18. A battery of internal resistance  $2\Omega$  is connected to an external resistance of  $10\Omega$ . The current is 0.5A.

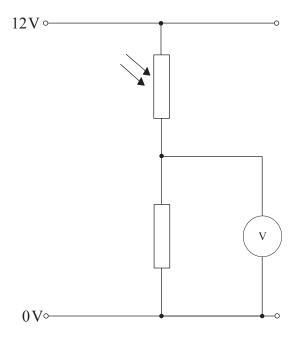


What is the emf of the battery?

- A. 1.0 V
- B. 5.0 V
- $C. \qquad 6.0\,V$
- D. 24.0 V

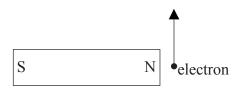
19. In the circuit below, which of the following will cause the greatest increase in the reading of the voltmeter?

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- A. An increase in temperature
- B. An increase in light intensity
- C. A decrease in temperature
- D. A decrease in light intensity
- **20.** A spherical planet of uniform density has three times the mass of the Earth and twice the average radius. The magnitude of the gravitational field strength at the surface of the Earth is *g*. What is the gravitational field strength at the surface of the planet?
  - A. 6*g*
  - B.  $\frac{2}{3}g$
  - C.  $\frac{3}{4}g$
  - D.  $\frac{3}{2}$ 8

**21.** An electron passes the north pole of a bar magnet as shown below.



What is the direction of the magnetic force on the electron?

- A. Into the page
- B. Out of the page
- C. To the left
- D. To the right
- 22. Which of the following gives the correct number of protons and neutrons in a nucleus of carbon-14  $\binom{14}{6}$ C).

|    | Protons | Neutrons |
|----|---------|----------|
| A. | 8       | 6        |
| B. | 6       | 8        |
| C. | 14      | 6        |
| D. | 6       | 14       |

- 23. A freshly prepared sample contains 4.0μg of iodine-131. After 24 days, 0.5μg of iodine-131 remain. The best estimate of the half-life of iodine-131 is
  - A. 8 days.
  - B. 12 days.
  - C. 24 days.
  - D. 72 days.

| 24. | Which of the following causes the greatest number of ionizations as it passes through 1 cm of air? (The total energy of the ionizing radiation is the same.) |   |  |
|-----|--|---|--|
|     | A.   | An alpha particle   |  |
|     | B.   | A beta particle   |  |
|     | C.   | A gamma-ray   |  |
|     | D.   | An X-ray  |  |
|     |  |   |  |
| 25. | What is the phenomenon that best explains why greenhouse gases absorb infrared radiation?  |   |  |
|     | A.   | Resonance   |  |
|     | B.   | Interference  |  |
|     | C.   | Refraction  |  |
|     | D.   | Diffraction   |  |
|     |  |   |  |
| 26. | In wl  | In which of the following places will the albedo be greatest? |  |
|     | A.   | A forest  |  |
|     | B.   | A grassland   |  |
|     | C.   | An ocean  |  |

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D. A polar ice cap

- 27. A wind turbine produces a power P when the wind speed is v. Assuming that the efficiency of the turbine is constant, the best estimate for the power produced when the wind speed becomes 2v is
  - A. 2*P*.
  - B. 4*P*.
  - C. 6*P*.
  - D. 8*P*.
- **28.** A spherical black body has absolute temperature  $T_1$ . The surroundings are kept at a lower absolute temperature  $T_2$ . What is the net power per unit area lost by the body?
  - A.  $\sigma T_1^4$
  - B.  $\sigma T_2^4$
  - C.  $\sigma(T_1^4 T_2^4)$
  - D.  $\sigma(T_1^4 + T_2^4)$
- **29.** The design of a nuclear power station includes an electrical generator. The function of the generator is to convert
  - A. nuclear energy to kinetic energy.
  - B. kinetic energy to thermal energy.
  - C. thermal energy to electrical energy.
  - D. kinetic energy to electrical energy.
- **30.** What is the unit of surface heat capacity?
  - $A. \hspace{0.5cm} J\,kg^{-1}K^{-1}$
  - $B. \quad JK^{-1}$
  - C.  $J m^{-2} K^{-1}$
  - D.  $J m^{-3} K^{-1}$